WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION, 2013

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

House Bill No. 2733

(By Delegate(s) R. Phillips, Staggers, Ferro, Diserio and Reynolds)

Passed April 13, 2013

In effect ninety days from passage.

2013 MAY -3 PM 2: 32

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

for

H. B. 2733

(BY DELEGATE(S) R. PHILLIPS, STAGGERS, FERRO,
DISERIO AND REYNOLDS)

[Passed April 13, 2013; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §17C-5A-2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to hearings before the Office of Administrative Hearings; specifying methods of service; providing permissible hearing locations; deleting the requirement that the Office of Administrative Hearings shall send hearing notices to certain witnesses; deleting an instance of a duplication of an element for driving under the influence; clarifying that the Office of Administrative Hearings shall rescind or modify the order of the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles in certain cases; noting that the Office of Administrative Hearings is not a party to an appeal; stating that a party filing an appeal is financially responsible for the transcription of the hearing and

Enr. Com. Sub. For H. B. No. 2733] 2

transmission of file copy; and stating that the court shall provide a copy of its final order to the Office of Administrative Hearings.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That § 17C-5A-2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5A. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES FOR SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION OF LICENSES FOR DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL, CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES OR DRUGS.

§17C-5A-2. Hearing; revocation; review.

1 (a) Written objections to an order of revocation or 2 suspension under the provisions of section one of this article or 3 section seven, article five of this chapter shall be filed with the 4 Office of Administrative Hearings. Upon the receipt of an 5 objection, the Office of Administrative Hearings shall notify the 6 Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles, who shall stay 7 the imposition of the period of revocation or suspension and 8 afford the person an opportunity to be heard by the Office of Administrative Hearings. The written objection must be filed with Office of Administrative Hearings in person, by registered 10 or certified mail, return receipt requested, or by facsimile 11 transmission or electronic mail within thirty calendar days after 13 receipt of a copy of the order of revocation or suspension or no hearing will be granted: Provided, That a successful transmittal 14 sheet shall be necessary for proof of written objection in the case 15 16 of filing by fax. The hearing shall be before a hearing examiner 17 employed by the Office of Administrative Hearings who shall 18 rule on evidentiary issues. Upon consideration of the designated record, the hearing examiner shall, based on the determination 20 of the facts of the case and applicable law, render a decision 21 affirming, reversing or modifying the action protested. The 22 decision shall contain findings of fact and conclusions of law 23 and shall be provided to all parties by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, or with a party's written consent,by facsimile or electronic mail.

- 26 (b) The hearing shall be held at an office of the Division of 27 Motor Vehicles suitable for hearing purposes located in or near 28 the county in which the arrest was made in this state or at some 29 other suitable place in the county in which the arrest was made 30 if an office of the division is not available. At the discretion of 31 the Office of Administrative Hearings, the hearing may also be 32 held at an office of the Office of Administrative Hearings located in or near the county in which the arrest was made in this 33 34 state. The Office of Administrative Hearings shall send a notice 35 of hearing to the person whose driving privileges are at issue and 36 the person's legal counsel if the person is represented by legal 37 counsel, by regular mail, or with the written consent of the 38 person whose driving privileges are at issue or their legal 39 counsel, by facsimile or electronic mail. The Office of 40 Administrative Hearings shall also send a notice of hearing by 41 regular mail, facsimile or electronic mail to the Division of 42 Motor Vehicles, and the Attorney General's Office, if the 43 Attorney General has filed a notice of appearance of counsel on 44 behalf of the Division of Motor Vehicles.
- 45 (c) (1) Any hearing shall be held within one hundred eighty
 46 days after the date upon which the Office of Administrative
 47 Hearings received the timely written objection unless there is a
 48 postponement or continuance.

49

50

51

52

- (2) The Office of Administrative Hearings may postpone or continue any hearing on its own motion or upon application by the party whose license is at issue in that hearing or by the commissioner for good cause shown.
- 53 (3) The Office of Administrative Hearings may issue 54 subpoenas commanding the appearance of witnesses and 55 subpoenas duces tecum commanding the submission of 56 documents, items or other things. Subpoenas duces tecum shall

be returnable on the date of the next scheduled hearing unless otherwise specified. The Office of Administrative hearings shall issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum at the request of a party or the party's legal representative. The party requesting the subpoena shall be responsible for service of the subpoena upon the appropriate individual. Every subpoena or subpoena duces tecum shall be served at least five days before the return date thereof, either by personal service made by a person over eighteen years of age or by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, and received by the party responsible for serving the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum: Provided, That the Division of Motor Vehicles may serve subpoenas to law-enforcement officers through electronic mail to the department of his or her employer. If a person does not obey the subpoena or fails to appear, the party who issued the subpoena to the person may petition the circuit court wherein the action lies for enforcement of the subpoena.

(d) Law-enforcement officers shall be compensated for the time expended in their travel and appearance before the Office of Administrative Hearings by the law-enforcement agency by whom they are employed at their regular rate if they are scheduled to be on duty during said time or at their regular overtime rate if they are scheduled to be off duty during said time.

(e) The principal question at the hearing shall be whether the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or did refuse to submit to the designated secondary chemical test, or did drive a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight.

91 (f) In the case of a hearing in which a person is accused of 92 driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol. 93 controlled substances or drugs, or accused of driving a motor 94 vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the person's 95 blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or 96 accused of driving a motor vehicle while under the age of 97 twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or her 98 blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but 99 less than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, the Office 100 of Administrative Hearings shall make specific findings as to: 101 (1) Whether the investigating law-enforcement officer had 102 reasonable grounds to believe the person to have been driving 103 while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or 104 drugs, or while having an alcohol concentration in the person's 105 blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or 106 to have been driving a motor vehicle while under the age of 107 twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or her 108 blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but 109 less than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight; (2) whether 110 the person was lawfully placed under arrest for an offense 111 involving driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled 112 substances or drugs, or was lawfully taken into custody for the 113 purpose of administering a secondary test: Provided, That this 114 element shall be waived in cases where no arrest occurred due to 115 driver incapacitation: (3) whether the person committed an 116 offense involving driving under the influence of alcohol, 117 controlled substances or drugs and (4) whether the tests, if any, 118 were administered in accordance with the provisions of this 119 article and article five of this chapter.

(g) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or did drive a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths of one

120

121

122

123

124

125

126

percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, the Office of Administrative Hearings also finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person when driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by law, which act or failure proximately caused the death of a person and was committed in reckless disregard of the safety of others and if the Office of Administrative Hearings further finds that the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs or the alcohol concentration in the blood was a contributing cause to the death, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license for a period of ten years: Provided, That if the person's license has previously been suspended or revoked under the provisions of this section or section one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of the person.

- (h) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, the Office of Administrative Hearings also finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person when driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by law, which act or failure proximately caused the death of a person, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license for a period of five years: *Provided*, That if the person's license has previously been suspended or revoked under the provisions of this section or section one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of the person.
- (i) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, the Office of Administrative Hearings also finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the

162 person when driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to 163 perform a duty imposed by law, which act or failure proximately 164 caused bodily injury to a person other than himself or herself, the 165 commissioner shall revoke the person's license for a period of 166 two years: Provided, That if the license has previously been 167 suspended or revoked under the provisions of this section or 168 section one of this article within the ten years immediately 169 preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be ten 170 years: Provided, however, That if the person's license has 171 previously been suspended or revoked more than once under the 172 provisions of this section or section one of this article within the 173 ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of 174 revocation shall be for the life of the person.

175

176

177

178 179

180

181

182

183

184

185

186

187

188

189

190

191

192

193

194

195

196

197

(j) If the Office of Administrative Hearings finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than fifteen hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or finds that the person knowingly permitted the persons vehicle to be driven by another person who was under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or knowingly permitted the person's vehicle to be driven by another person who had an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of eight hundredths of. one percent or more, by weight, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license for a period of six months or a period of fifteen days with an additional one hundred and twenty days of participation in the Motor Vehicle Alcohol Test and Lock Program in accordance with the provisions of section three-a of this article: Provided, That any period of participation in the Motor Vehicle Alcohol Test and Lock Program that has been imposed by a court pursuant to section two-b, article five of this chapter shall be credited against any period of participation imposed by the commissioner: *Provided, however*, That a person whose license is revoked for driving while under the influence

of drugs is not eligible to participate in the Motor Vehicle 198 199 Alcohol Test and Lock Program: Provided further, That if the 200 person's license has previously been suspended or revoked under the provisions of this section or section one of this article within 201 202 the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period 203 of revocation shall be ten years: And provided further, That if the 204 person's license has previously been suspended or revoked more 205 than once under the provisions of this section or section one of 206 this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date 207 of arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of the 208 person.

- 209 (k) (1) If in addition to finding by a preponderance of the 210 evidence that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under 211 the influence of alcohol, controlled substance or drugs, the 212 Office of Administrative Hearings also finds by a preponderance 213 of the evidence that the person did drive a motor vehicle while 214 having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood of fifteen 215 hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, the commissioner 216 shall revoke the person's license for a period of forty-five days 217. with an additional two hundred and seventy days of participation 218 in the Motor Vehicle Alcohol Test and Lock Program in 219 accordance with the provisions of section three-a, article five-a, 220 chapter seventeen-c of this code: *Provided*, That if the person's 221 license has previously been suspended or revoked under the 222 provisions of this section or section one of this article within the 223 ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of 224 revocation shall be ten years: Provided, however, That if the 225 person's license has previously been suspended or revoked the 226 person's license more than once under the provisions of this 227 section or section one of this article within the ten years 228 immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of 229 revocation shall be for the life of the person.
- 230 (2) If a person whose license is revoked pursuant to 231 subdivision (1) of this subsection proves by clear and convincing 232 evidence that they do not own a motor vehicle upon which the

233 alcohol test and lock device may be installed or is otherwise 234 incapable of participating in the Motor Vehicle Alcohol Test and 235 Lock Program, the period of revocation shall be one hundred 236 eighty days: Provided. That if the person's license has 237 previously been suspended or revoked under the provisions of 238 this section or section one of this article within the ten years 239 immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of 240 revocation shall be ten years: Provided, however. That if the 241 person's license has previously been suspended or revoked more 242 than once under the provisions of this section or section one of 243 this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date 244 of arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of the 245 person.

246

247

248

249

250

251

252

253

254

255

256

257

258

259

260

261

262

263

264

265

266

267

(1) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, the Office of Administrative Hearings also finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person when driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by law, which act or failure proximately caused the death of a person, and if the Office of Administrative Hearings further finds that the alcohol concentration in the blood was a contributing cause to the death, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license for a period of five years: *Provided*. That if the person's license has previously been suspended or revoked under the provisions of this section or section one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of the person.

(m) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, the Office of Administrative Hearings also finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person

when driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by law, which act or failure proximately caused bodily injury to a person other than himself or herself, and if the Office of Administrative Hearings further finds that the alcohol concentration in the blood was a contributing cause to the bodily injury, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license for a period of two years: *Provided*, That if the person's license has previously been suspended or revoked under the provisions of this section or section one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be ten years: Provided, however, That if the person's license has previously been suspended or revoked more than once under the provisions of this section or section one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of the person.

- (n) If the Office of Administrative Hearings finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, the commissioner shall suspend the person's license for a period of sixty days: *Provided*, That if the person's license has previously been suspended or revoked under the provisions of this section or section one of this article, the period of revocation shall be for one year, or until the person's twenty-first birthday, whichever period is longer.
- (o) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood of eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, the Office of Administrative Hearings also finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person when driving did have on or within the Motor vehicle another person who has not reached his or her sixteenth birthday,

303 the commissioner shall revoke the person's license for a period 304 of one year: *Provided*, That if the person's license has previously 305 been suspended or revoked under the provisions of this section 306 or section one of this article within the ten years immediately 307 preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be ten 308 years: Provided, however, That if the person's license has 309 previously been suspended or revoked more than once under the 310 provisions of this section or section one of this article within the 311 ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of 312 revocation shall be for the life of the person.

- 313 (p) For purposes of this section, where reference is made to 314 previous suspensions or revocations under this section, the 315 following types of criminal convictions or administrative 316 suspensions or revocations shall also be regarded as suspensions 317 or revocations under this section or section one of this article:
- 318 (1) Any administrative revocation under the provisions of 319 the prior enactment of this section for conduct which occurred 320 within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest;
- 321 (2) Any suspension or revocation on the basis of a 322 conviction under a municipal ordinance of another state or a 323 statute of the United States or of any other state of an offense 324 which has the same elements as an offense described in section 325 two, article five of this chapter for conduct which occurred 326 within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest; or
- (3) Any revocation under the provisions of section seven,
 article five of this chapter for conduct which occurred within the
 ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest.
- 330 (q) In the case of a hearing in which a person is accused of 331 refusing to submit to a designated secondary test, the Office of 332 Administrative Hearings shall make specific findings as to: (1) 333 Whether the arresting law-enforcement officer had reasonable 334 grounds to believe the person had been driving a motor vehicle

353

354

355 356

357

358

359

360

361

362

363

364

365

366

367

368

369

370

335 in this state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled 336 substances or drugs; (2) whether the person was lawfully placed 337 under arrest for an offense involving driving under the influence 338 of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or was lawfully taken 339 into custody for the purpose of administering a secondary test: 340 *Provided*. That this element shall be waived in cases where no 341 arrest occurred due to driver incapacitation: (3) whether the 342 person committed an offense relating to driving a motor vehicle 343 in this state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled 344 substances or drugs; (4) whether the person refused to submit to 345 the secondary test finally designated in the manner provided in 346 section four, article five of this chapter; and (5) whether the 347 person had been given a written statement advising the person 348 that the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state 349 would be revoked for at least forty-five days and up to life if the 350 person refused to submit to the test finally designated in the 351 manner provided in said section.

(r) If the Office of Administrative Hearings finds by a preponderance of the evidence that: (1) The investigating officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; (2) whether the person was lawfully placed under arrest for an offense involving driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or was lawfully taken into custody for the purpose of administering a secondary test: *Provided*, That this element shall be waived in cases where no arrest occurred due to driver incapacitation; (3) the person committed an offense relating to driving a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; (4) the person refused to submit to the secondary test finally designated in the manner provided in section four, article five of this chapter; and (5) the person had been given a written statement advising the person that the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state would be revoked for at least forty-five days and up to life if the person refused to submit to the test finally designated, the commissioner

371 shall revoke the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in 372 this state for the periods specified in section seven, article five 373 of this chapter. The revocation period prescribed in this 374 subsection shall run concurrently with any other revocation 375 period ordered under this section or section one of this article 376 arising out of the same occurrence. The revocation period 377 prescribed in this subsection shall run concurrently with any 378 other revocation period ordered under this section or section one 379 of this article arising out of the same occurrence.

380

381

382

383

384

385

386

387

388

389

390

391

392

393

394 395

396

397

398

399

400

401

402

403

404

405

(s) If the Office of Administrative Hearings finds to the contrary with respect to the above issues, it shall rescind or modify the commissioner's order and, in the case of modification, the commissioner shall reduce the order of revocation to the appropriate period of revocation under this section or section seven, article five of this chapter. A copy of the Office of Administrative Hearings' final order containing its findings of fact and conclusions of law made and entered following the hearing shall be served upon the person whose license is at issue or upon the person's legal counsel if the person is represented by legal counsel by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, or by facsimile or by electronic mail if available. The final order shall be served upon the commissioner by electronic mail. During the pendency of any hearing, the revocation of the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state shall be stayed.

A person whose license is at issue and the commissioner shall be entitled to judicial review as set forth in chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Neither the commissioner nor the Office of Administrative Hearings may stay enforcement of the order. The court may grant a stay or supersede as of the order only upon motion and hearing, and a finding by the court upon the evidence presented, that there is a substantial probability that the appellant shall prevail upon the merits and the appellant will suffer irreparable harm if the order is not stayed: *Provided*, That in no event shall the stay or supersede as of the order exceed one

Enr. Com. Sub. For H. B. No. 2733] 14

418

419

420

421

422

423

424

425

406 hundred fifty days. The Office of Administrative Hearings may 407 not be made a party to an appeal. The party filing the appeal 408 shall pay the Office of Administrative Hearings for the 409 production and transmission of the certified file copy and the hearing transcript to the court. Notwithstanding the provisions of 410 411 section four, article five of said chapter, the Office of 412 Administrative Hearings may not be compelled to transmit a 413 certified copy of the file or the transcript of the hearing to the 414 circuit court in less than sixty days. Circuit Clerk shall provide 415 a copy of the circuit court's final order on the appeal to the 416 Office of Administrative Hearings by regular mail, by facsimile, 417 or by electronic mail if available.

- (t) In any revocation or suspension pursuant to this section, if the driver whose license is revoked or suspended had not reached the driver's eighteenth birthday at the time of the conduct for which the license is revoked or suspended, the driver's license shall be revoked or suspended until the driver's eighteenth birthday or the applicable statutory period of revocation or suspension prescribed by this section, whichever is longer.
- 426 (u) Funds for this section's hearing and appeal process may 427 be provided from the Drunk Driving Prevention Fund, as created 428 by section forty-one, article two, chapter fifteen of this code, 429 upon application for the funds to the Commission on Drunk 430 Driving Prevention.

15 [Enr. Com. Sub. For H. B. No. 2733

That Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled. Chairman, House Committee Originating in the House. In effect ninety days from passage. Speaker of the House of Delegates he Senate The within Las approved this the Std day of

PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

APR 2 9 2013

Time 2:10 pm